ABSTRACT

In 1997 Indonesia was hit by a crisis that caused economic activity to decline in various industries both manufacturing and financial. Along with the development of science and the increasingly rapid era of technology in Indonesia raises discourse so that the economy improves by improving the value of the company and increasing the prosperity of the owners or shareholders. This study aims to examine the effect of managerial ownership, institutional ownership, foreign ownership and concentration of public ownership on the value of companies listed in the Sharia Stock Exchange in 2014-2016. The method used in the selection of samples is purposive sampling. So that from a population of 300 companies to 48 companies. And the analysis technique uses multiple linear regression with SPSS tools. The results of the study concluded that managerial ownership, institutional ownership, foreign ownership and concentration of public ownership had a significant positive effect on firm value.

Keywords *- Ownership Structure, Firm Value*